

# WEATHER FORECAST.

Local showers to-day and to-morrow, little change in temperature; fresh east to northeast winds. Highest temperature yesterday, 61; lowest, 50. Detailed weather reports will be found on the editorial page.

VOL. LXXXVII.—NO. 267—DAILY.

NEW YORK, MONDAY, MAY 24, 1920.

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PRICE TWO CENTS

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## WAR INDEMNITY DIVISION FIXED BY BIG THREE

Wilson, Lloyd George and Clemenceau Arranged Sharing of Payments.

### NOT HYTHE CONFEREES

Revelation Causes Commotion in Paris Because of Treaty Modification.

### DISSATISFACTION SHOWN

Old Peace Conference Participants Line Up in Opposition to Plan.

By LAURENCE HILLS.

Special Correspondent of THE SUN AND NEW YORK HERALD. Copyright, 1920, by THE SUN AND NEW YORK HERALD. PARIS, May 23.—In the course of the conference which Premier Millerand is having with the financial commission of the French Parliament regarding the German indemnity, it has been brought out that it was President Wilson and Premiers Lloyd George and Clemenceau who fixed the indemnity division between England and France in proportion of eleven to five, and not the recent Hythe conference.

This revelation has provoked lively emotion here, some of the members of the Clemenceau Government contending that the proposition was based on the expectation that the Treaty of Versailles would be enforced just as it was written, whereas it is now proposed virtually to revise it and to let Germany off with a comparatively small fixed sum.

Also it has been disclosed that while the interest rate on the proposed international loan based on the mobilization of German industry has not been fixed, it was agreed at the Hythe conference of the Premiers that it should not be less than five per cent., with one per cent. additional to cover amortization.

The debate in the French Chamber of Deputies yesterday showed that there was a large element which was desirous of knowing what guarantees were to be demanded of Germany for the payment of the indemnity sum to be named at the price of France's consent to this fixed indemnity plan.

The conference here will continue this week but it is evident that old peace conference participants, among whom are Raymond Poincaré, Louis Klotz, Minister of Finance in the Clemenceau Cabinet; Louis Loucheur, Minister of Commerce and Reconstruction under Premier Clemenceau; and André Tardieu, formerly Minister of Blockade and the Invaded Regions, are forming a group in opposition to the whole Hythe plan.

The Council of the League of Nations has decided to hold the Brussels financial conference during the first week in July, thus giving time for the French Parliament to debate the entire issue.

## BERLIN DENIES NEW PERIL IN THE EAST

Civil Commission Investigating Report of Revolt.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN AND NEW YORK HERALD. Copyright, 1920, by THE SUN AND NEW YORK HERALD. BERLIN, May 23.—Reports of danger of a new revolutionary movement directed from Breslau toward the German Reichstag, which have been denied by Berlin military authorities, who explain the mysterious movement of troops there as proceeding from steps to reduce the size of the army in fulfillment of the terms of the Treaty of Versailles. However, a civil commission, composed of representatives of the coalition parties, is making an investigation.

The Breslau says that Breslau is planning to introduce the Emswiler law, which the police interrupted when it was being read. A meeting was called to hear a Bavarian officer explain his organization.

It is also reported that a Communist rebellion, already 500 armed men are reported to be raiding Silesian estates.

By the Associated Press.

BERLIN, May 23.—The latest contribution to the talk about the expected revolutionary outbreak is contained in the Tarnopole Rundschau, which claims to have special information concerning revolutionary preparations that are on foot in the Rhineland, Westphalia, Thuringia and Saxony which will cause a Radical takeover in Central Germany.

Sham outbreaks are to be arranged at various points with the object of drawing the Reichswehr away from the real center, after which a sham revolt on the part of the Rightists is to be engineered. After this a real Radical revolt would set in at a moment when the army would be unable to quell the extreme Leftists as the saviors of the Fatherland.

## BOLSHEVIST ORDER AIMED AT IDLERS

Registration of Males and Females Is Compulsory.

By the Associated Press.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 21 (delayed).—The Soviet Government is taking steps to insure the full utilization of industrial power and the elimination of parasitic idlers by ordering the registration of all males between the ages of 16 and 50, and of females between the ages of 16 and 40.

All persons in Russian cities registering are to fill out a book containing full particulars regarding the nature and the place of their employment, together with data giving a description of themselves to establish their identity. No other identification cards are to be valid in the future.

## Loss of War Is Blamed on German Socialists

GENEVA, May 23.—Under the caption "Who Lost the War?" the Berlin Vorwaerts publishes two documents signed by Field Marshal von Hindenburg and Gen. Ludendorff, former Quartermaster-General, dated in October, 1918, asking the German Government to make peace immediately. Ludendorff's request was dated October 1 and that of Von Hindenburg October 3. "They say they were stabbed in the back by the Socialists," says Vorwaerts, then asks the question, "Who Lost the War?"

## 'WEAK GERMANY' AIM OF FRANCE

Count zu Reventlow Warns Against Going Too Far in Economic Conference.

### DIFFERENT STAND NOTED

He Declares United States and Britain Want to See His Country Reformed.

By RAYMOND SWING.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN AND NEW YORK HERALD. Copyright, 1920, by THE SUN AND NEW YORK HERALD. LONDON, May 23.—Count Ernst zu Reventlow, editor of the reactionary Deutsche Tageszeitung, and protagonist of American orientation of the German policy, has just issued a warning to the German people against going too far with France in the economic conference which is being held in Paris.

"It would be a grave error for Germany to make any economic prepayment in anticipation of a Utopia for good relations with France," he says. "Those good relations are to be had only when we renounce the unity of national feeling and reconstruction."

"Our poverty and lack of freedom require us to negotiate, but that is all that need be or should be taken into consideration. France wishes to, and will utilize every opportunity to bring German industry as far as possible under her control; to keep us weak and consumptive, and strengthen herself. We must bear this in mind, particularly as the United States and Great Britain, through widely different motives, desire in growing measure to see us economically reformed."

## DR. DERNBURG CALLS DEMAND IMPOSSIBLE

Insists Germany Cannot Pay Sum Asked by France.

By the Associated Press.

BERLIN, May 23.—Under the caption "The Dying Peace Treaty," Dr. Bernhard Dernburg, former Minister of Finance, in an article in the Tagesschau, dealing with the report that France will demand that Germany shall pay in reparation 120,000,000,000 marks in gold in thirty years as reparation, figures that amount to compound interest at a per cent in thirty annual instalments would amount to 18,000,000,000 marks annually.

Dr. Dernburg holds that even without interest such an amount would be impossible, as at the present rate of exchange it would be equivalent to 1,050,000,000,000 marks in paper. He adds that the amount in thirty years would entail a paper circulation of 5,500,000,000,000 marks.

It is contended by Dr. Dernburg that Germany could not pay for two years running the annual instalment he mentions, and he declares that no sensible American would invest in any French loan based on Germany's promise to pay such an amount. He argues that Germany must be guaranteed existence and a chance for development.

## ASKS TO DEFER SPA MEETING.

British Envoy Said to Have Proposed Postponement.

By the Associated Press.

BERLIN, May 23.—The Wolff Bureau, the semi-official news agency, announces that the British Charge d'Affaires on Saturday presented a note to the German Government proposing a postponement of the conference at Spa, Belgium, between representatives of the Entente and Germany.

Originally the date set for the conference at Spa was May 25, but after the recent meeting at Hythe, it was said that the date had been postponed until June 21.

## KAPP REVOLT AIDS OUSTED.

High Navy Officers and Diplomats Demanded From Service.

By the Associated Press.

BERLIN, May 23.—Admiral von Trotha, former Chief of the Admiralty; Rear Admiral von Levetzow, recently Governor of Kiel, and Major von Falkenhayn, at one time an Assistant Secretary of State, have, with twelve other military and naval officers, been dismissed from service because of their participation in the Kapp revolt last March.

Twenty-five other officers have been relieved of their duties and their cases have been handed over to the Public Prosecutor. Eighty-five cases have so far been disposed of by Government officials.

## TAXI STRIKE IN CLEVELAND.

Chauffeurs Object to City Rule Requiring Finger Print Record.

By the Associated Press.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 23.—Taxicab service was practically at a standstill to-day as the result of a strike of 300 chauffeurs as a protest against certain sections of a new tax ordinance adopted recently by the City Council.

The men demand that the ordinance be amended to eliminate the clause which provides for taking finger prints before a chauffeur's license will be issued.

## BRITAIN'S DUTY TO MAKE PEACE WITH RUSSIANS

Editor of Lord Astor's Paper Also Demands Repudiation of Polish War.

### POLITICIANS PUZZLED

They Wonder if Lloyd George Is Preparing to Change Front.

### SUSPECT TRIAL BALLOON

Militarism of Sir Henry Wilson and Marshal Foch Under Attack.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN AND NEW YORK HERALD. Copyright, 1920, by THE SUN AND NEW YORK HERALD. LONDON, May 23.—Politicians are puzzled, if not startled, by a stinging article by J. L. Garvin in the Sunday Observer, Viscount Astor's newspaper, which always has been most friendly to Premier Lloyd George, and frequently has authoritatively reflected the Cabinet's sentiments.

Mr. Garvin demands an immediate conclusion of full peace with Russia and allied action to repudiate and punish the attack by the Poles on Soviet Russia. He declares that the Polish situation has brought the world to a real parting of the ways between the old militarism and the new peace era. Mr. Garvin denounces as being just as offensive as Prussianism the militarism of Field Marshal Sir Henry Wilson and Marshal Foch, and blames all the evils resulting from high prices upon the British Empire's lack of oil and upon the 'upset conditions obtaining in Russia and in the Near East.

He demands that the Supreme Council clean up the wreck of war immediately and turn over the world's future to the League of Nations.

"The first condition for more tranquility, stability and prosperity of the world at large—above all, for the future of this island—is the repudiation of the war as soon as may be possible of full supplies at lower prices—is to stop the Polish madness and conclude a full Russian peace," he says.

## Liberal Policy Urged.

Mr. Garvin declares that the eyes of the whole world are on the British Empire, which has a quarter of the globe in her hands, and that the empire must lead the way with the most liberal policy and an open door. "In its nature it cannot be sustained by material forces alone without such moral adjuncts and the wisest breadth of statesmanship we have known heretofore."

The thing which is troubling politicians here is whether this is not a trial balloon from Downing Street, sent out to test British and international sentiment. Mr. Garvin undoubtedly sums up the criticisms of the British foreign policy no less cogently than was urged in the House of Commons and elsewhere here last week. In no matter what the result, it is believed that Premier Lloyd George is preparing once more to cut the ground from under his adversaries' feet, and that his declaration of a new foreign policy will meet the objections which Mr. Garvin thunders.

The Cabinet decided last week that there would be no more military adventures, no matter what the Eastern crisis might be. It was reported here that the Cabinet preferred to give up Mesopotamia and all that it implied, and the key to India—rather than the time for armed men to expend more men and money.

## Precedent for Action.

Mr. Garvin demands that Lord Curzon, Foreign Minister, follow the precedent under King Edward VII.

"Internal abuses in Russia and the Eastern reaction did not debar cooperation then," he says. "Internal abuses and the Bolshevik revolution must not debar cooperation now."

The Poles should be supported in their own independence, Mr. Garvin says, but he denounces their efforts to rebuild the old Polish Empire at the expense of other races, which copies, he asserts, has no more excuse for existence than the old Austrian Empire. He declares that the Poles were only able to start a mad adventure through obtaining British supplies which were intended for use elsewhere, and through cordial, if quiet, encouragement from French quarters.

Mr. Garvin plainly takes up the cudgels in favor of the Americans after reports of their exclusion from the Mesopotamian oil fields, and while favoring the British arrangements for control through the Dutch and British Shell group, he demands that such control should not be exclusive.

"The principle involved goes to the very root of a choice between war and peace," he declares. "It involves the fate of the whole of civilization. Commercial monopoly and exclusive concession grabbing was a renewal of the Russian policy in the shape of territory and resources, nor can it mean anything else. There is no hope whatever for the permanence and creativeness of peace without a wider and fairer economic partnership between the nations than they have ever seen before."

## League Impotent Without U. S.

"Then the League of Nations must take over the work and carry it on. But the League while America is out of it can never be anything better than an impotent force unless both Germany and Russia are in it."

"Unless we have good relations with the Russian people, whatever their regime may be, there can never be an atom of security in any settlement in Europe."

## CLOSING TIME

FOR UNDERPAID CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

The Sun and New York Herald

DAILY ISSUES

SUNDAY ISSUES

9 P. M. at Main Office, 230 Broadway

6 P. M. at former Herald Office, Herald Building, Herald Square.

8 P. M. at all other Branch Offices.

(Locations listed on Editorial Page.)

Continued on Third Page.

## PENROSE SUFFERS RELAPSE; MAY NOT GO TO CHICAGO

Pennsylvania Senator, Ill for Some Time and Chief Backer of Knox, an Important Factor.

By the Associated Press.

PHILADELPHIA, May 23.—United States Senator Boies Penrose, who has been ill at his home here for some time, had a relapse yesterday and was reported tonight to be in a serious condition. The physicians said that, although the Senator is very ill, he is in no immediate danger.

If the relapse of Senator Penrose is serious as reported, its effect on affairs of the Republican convention in Chicago will be marked. The Pennsylvania veteran is regarded as one of the most powerful of the many influential men who are to gather there. He is the foremost advocate of the Presidential candidacy for his colleague from

Pennsylvania, Senator Philander C. Knox. Under his control are the entire seventy-six delegates from that State, whom he succeeded in having pledged to Knox, rather than to Gov. Spruiell, as the State's favorite son. But should Senator Penrose not direct their delegates in person, it is feared many will vote for their pledged second choice—Major-Gen. Wood.

Because of his long weakened condition the Senator had not intended to direct his battle from the floor of the Coliseum, but had hired a ten room apartment a few minutes away from the convention hall, where he intended to confer with Republican leaders and other delegates. It is feared many will vote for their pledged second choice—Major-Gen. Wood.

## FOUR COPS HURT IN MOTOR SMASH

Answering Riot Call, Commander Automobile and Collide With Another.

### BUT THERE WAS NO RIOT

Only a Dispute With a Woman With Shriill Voice Keeping a Newsstand.

A sergeant, three policemen and a civilian chauffeur, hurrying to answer a riot call received at the West 135th street station yesterday afternoon, were badly injured when the commander automobile in which they rode was wrecked, in a collision at Seventh avenue and 141st street. All were hurled into the roadway, the sergeant to be pinned beneath the wreck when it toppled over on him.

An insignificant argument over the number of sections that should have been in one of the Sunday newspapers led indirectly to the accident. Mrs. Hattie Cohen, owner of a newsstand at 2452 Seventh avenue, raised her voice to a shrill scream in explaining to a negro that she was not cheating him.

A passerby, assuming a riot would follow the argument, hurried to a telephone and appealed to Police Headquarters for help.

No automobile was available at the West 135th street station when the men were ordered out for duty and Sergeant Julius Wiener, in command of the squad, stopped a passing roadster. He ordered the chauffeur, William O'Neill, of 484 St. Nicholas, to drive to Seventh avenue and 142d street, and with his men leaped to the running board.

O'Neill started east through 135th street and of Seventh avenue turned north. The automobile was moving at high speed and the electric horn was being used continuously to clear the way.

When the car reached the intersection of Seventh and 142d streets, it struck a telephone pole and the car was hurled into the air. The car landed on its side, and the men were hurled out. The car was a 1919 model, and was being driven by a negro chauffeur.

Sergeant Wiener was flung into the air. He was unconscious when he struck the pavement. The wreck fell over on his shoulders. The other policemen, Frank W. Halper, William Viets, and Paul C. Becker, as well as O'Neill, also were thrown from the car. The car was a 1919 model, and was being driven by a negro chauffeur.

When the car reached the intersection of Seventh and 142d streets, it struck a telephone pole and the car was hurled into the air. The car landed on its side, and the men were hurled out. The car was a 1919 model, and was being driven by a negro chauffeur.

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## BRONX ZOO BEAR ESCAPES, SHOT

Fine Canadian Animal Lifts His 300 Pounds Over Fence and Is at Large 7-12 Hrs.

### RESERVES CALLED OUT

Police Led a Merry Chase by Bruin Until He Is Finally Laid Out.

Black Prince, pride of the Bronx Park bear house since January, 1919, when he was brought down from Canada and given to the New York Zoological Society as the finest specimen of short legged Canadian black bear in captivity, was shot at sunrise yesterday after seven and a half hours of continuous misbehavior. Before his semi-bulletproof hide was punctured by the fatal shot he had scaled a ten foot picket fence, escaped from his cage, ran wild around the park and the surrounding country, caused a score of policemen to remain on duty all night and defied Eugene Letwisch, head night keeper, formerly his close friend.

Letwisch was down near the bear house at 10:30 o'clock Saturday night when Black Prince was making his escape. The keeper saw the animal lift his 300 pounds over the top of the steel picket fence and immediately started a cry that aroused both Peter Romanoff, keeper, and Walter Toomey, assistant keeper. Herman Merkle, the park forester, came running too and presently there was a force of twenty employees and cops ready to take up the pursuit.

Rifles were passed out and the chase started. "We picked up his trail at the edge of the Bronx River inside the park," Romanoff explained last night. "Then we lost it and, fearing he would get outside or that he might attack automobilists entering the park, we called out the reserves from Bronx Park station. Policemen were stationed on every road and we had only a choice of methods of capturing the bear."

The war made it possible for the Administration to build up a force of policeholders which has never been equaled. All of them are being called on to put through the Administration programme. In spite of this the league issue, in addition to other problems, has been the whole thing in his party, believe his opponents within the party believe failure to repudiate him would be suicide, and there is presented to them, they believe, only a choice of methods of committing political har-kiri.

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